

Package ‘inkaR’

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Title Download and Analyze Spatial Development Data from 'INKAR'

Version 0.6.6

Description A professional R interface to download and analyze spatial development indicators from the 'BBSR' 'INKAR' (Indicators and Maps for Spatial and Urban Development) database. Features a bilingual interactive wizard, fuzzy and normalized indicator search, multi-indicator downloads with automatic tidy merging (long/wide), guaranteed consistent output schema, robust disk caching with automatic retry, and 'ggplot2' themes for regional mapping.

URL <https://github.com/ofurkancoban/inkaR>

BugReports <https://github.com/ofurkancoban/inkaR/issues>

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Author Omer Furkan Coban [aut, cre] (ORCID:
<<https://orcid.org/0009-0005-3623-7178>>)

Maintainer Omer Furkan Coban <oemer.furkan.coban@uni-oldenburg.de>

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Contents

inkaR-package	2
clear_inkar_cache	4
compare_districts	4
compare_regions	5
get_geographies	5
get_indicators	6
get_inkar_data	6
get_themes	7
indicators	8
inkaR	9
inkar_shortcut	10
inkar_trends	10
plot_inkar	11
search_indicators	12
select_indicator	13
select_level	13
select_years	14
theme_inkaR	14
update_indicators	15
view_indicators	15
Index	16

inkaR-package	<i>inkaR: Access the INKAR Database of the BBSR</i>
---------------	---

Description

The inkaR package provides a user-friendly interface to access, search, and download statistical indicators from the INKAR (Indikatoren und Karten zur Raum- und Stadtentwicklung) database provided by the Federal Institute for Research on Building, Urban Affairs and Spatial Development (BBSR).

Main Functions

- `view_indicators()`: Opens the list of available indicators in a viewer. Supports German ("de") and English ("en") modes. Sorted by active status.
- `get_inkar_data()`: API wrapper to fetch data for a specific indicator. Supports auto-saving to CSV (`csv = TRUE`).
- `get_geographies()`: Helper to list available spatial levels (e.g., Kreise, Gemeinden) or regions within a level.
- `search_indicators()`: Search for indicators by text pattern.

Usage Workflow

1. **Explore:** Use `view_indicators()` to find the Shortname (e.g., "001") or M_ID of the desired indicator.
2. **Download:** Use `get_inkar_data("001", level="KRE", year=2021)` or `ranges (year=2010:2020)` to fetch the data.
3. **Export:** Add `csv = TRUE` to `get_inkar_data` to save the result immediately.

Author(s)

Maintainer: Omer Furkan Coban <omer.furkan.coban@uni-oldenburg.de> ([ORCID](#))

See Also

Useful links:

- <https://github.com/ofurkancoban/inkaR>
- Report bugs at <https://github.com/ofurkancoban/inkaR/issues>

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  # 1. View available indicators (German)
  view_indicators()

  # 2. View in English
  view_indicators("en")
}

# 3. Search for "GDP" (Bruttoinlandsprodukt)
try(search_indicators("GDP", lang = "en"))

# 4. Download data for GDP (011) for Districts (KRE)
# Note: You can use Shortnames ("011"), numeric M_IDs (11), or simple codes ("bip")
try(data <- get_inkar_data("011", level = "KRE", year = 2021, lang = "de", csv = FALSE))

# 5. Download and save directly as CSV
try(get_inkar_data("011", csv = TRUE, export_dir = tempdir()))

# 6. Download data for a year range
try(get_inkar_data("011", level = "KRE", year = 2010:2020))
```

clear_inkar_cache	<i>Clear INKAR Cache</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Clears the persistent disk cache used for API responses (like time reference metadata).

Usage

```
clear_inkar_cache()
```

Value

No return value, called for side effects.

compare_districts	<i>Filter Downloaded Data to Specific Districts</i>
-------------------	---

Description

A specialized wrapper around [compare_regions\(\)](#) to filter a data frame returned by [get_inkar_data\(\)](#) to rows matching specific district names or IDs (Kennziffer).

Usage

```
compare_districts(data, districts, exact = FALSE)
```

```
compare_district(data, districts, exact = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	A data frame returned by get_inkar_data() .
districts	Character/Numeric vector. District names, IDs, or partial patterns to keep.
exact	Logical. If TRUE, require exact string match. Default FALSE.

Value

A filtered tibble.

Examples

```
df <- try(get_inkar_data("011", level = "KRE", year = 2021, lang = "en"))
if (is.data.frame(df)) compare_districts(df, c("Berlin", "Hamburg"))
```

compare_regions	<i>Filter Downloaded Data to Specific Regions</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Filters a data frame returned by `get_inkar_data()` to rows matching the supplied region names (partial, case-insensitive match by default).

Usage

```
compare_regions(data, regions, exact = FALSE)
```

```
compare_region(data, regions, exact = FALSE)
```

Arguments

data	A data frame returned by <code>get_inkar_data()</code> .
regions	Character vector. Region names or partial patterns to keep.
exact	Logical. If TRUE, require exact string match. Default FALSE.

Value

A filtered tibble.

Examples

```
df <- try(get_inkar_data("011", level = "KRE", year = 2021, lang = "en"))  
if (is.data.frame(df)) compare_regions(df, c("Berlin", "Hamburg"))
```

get_geographies	<i>Get Available Geographies or Region List</i>
-----------------	---

Description

Retrieves a list of available spatial levels (if geography is NULL) or a list of regions for a specific level (e.g., "KRE").

Usage

```
get_geographies(geography = NULL)
```

Arguments

geography	Character. Spatial level code (e.g. "KRE"). If NULL, returns all levels.
-----------	--

Value

A data frame with ID and Name.

get_indicators	<i>List Available Indicators</i>
----------------	----------------------------------

Description

Returns a data frame of available indicators with bilingual support.

Usage

```
get_indicators(lang = c("de", "en"))
```

Arguments

lang Language code: "de" (German) or "en" (English).

Value

A tibble containing indicator IDs, names, and descriptions.

get_inkar_data	<i>Download Data from INKAR</i>
----------------	---------------------------------

Description

Retrieves statistical data for a given variable and spatial level. Automatically handles time reference lookup.

Usage

```
get_inkar_data(  
  variable,  
  level = "KRE",  
  year = NULL,  
  lang = c("de", "en"),  
  format = c("long", "wide"),  
  csv = FALSE,  
  export_dir = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

variable	Character. The indicator ID (Shortname), e.g., "011".
level	Character. Spatial level code (e.g., "KRE" for Kreise).
year	Integer/Character vector. Specific year (e.g., 2021) or range (e.g., 2010:2020). If NULL, fetches all available years.
lang	Character. "de" (default) for German column names, "en" for English.
format	Character. "long" (default) for tidy format, "wide" for years as columns.
csv	Logical. If TRUE, saves the data to a CSV file in the directory specified by export_dir.
export_dir	Character. Directory to save the CSV file if csv = TRUE. If NULL (default), it saves to the current working directory (".").

Value

A tibble containing the data.

get_themes

List Available Indicator Themes

Description

Returns the unique theme/domain values present in the local indicators dataset. Pass one of these values to the theme argument of [search_indicators\(\)](#) or [view_indicators\(\)](#) to narrow results.

Usage

```
get_themes()
```

Value

A sorted character vector of theme names.

Examples

```
get_themes()
```

indicators

INKAR Indicators Metadata

Description

A comprehensive list of available indicators from the INKAR database. This dataset is used to lookup indicator IDs, names, and descriptions.

Usage

indicators

Format

A data frame with the following columns:

ID Short identifier (e.g., "001")

M_ID Numeric internal ID used by API

Name_DE German name of the indicator

Name_EN English name (translated or placeholder)

Description_DE Detailed German description

Description_EN Detailed English description (available for 413 indicators)

Theme Group/Domain of the indicator

Active Logical. TRUE if verified as active in the API

Algorithmus Algorithm used (if any)

Anmerkungen Notes in German

Anmerkungen_EN Notes in English

Gemeinden Availability for Municipalities

Kreise Availability for Districts

Statistische Grundlagen Statistical basis (DE)

Stat_Grund_EN Statistical basis (EN)

Unit_DE Unit of measurement (DE)

Unit_EN Unit of measurement (EN)

Source

<https://www.inkar.de/>

Description

A full-featured alias for `get_inkar_data()` with bilingual support and an interactive wizard when called without arguments (in interactive sessions). Call `inkaR("011")` to download directly, or `inkaR()` to open the wizard.

Usage

```
inkaR(variable = NULL, level = NULL, year = NULL, lang = c("de", "en"), ...)
```

Arguments

<code>variable</code>	Character. Indicator ID, shortname, or partial name. If NULL (default), opens an interactive selection menu (interactive sessions only).
<code>level</code>	Character. Spatial level code (e.g., "KRE" for Kreise). If NULL and <code>variable</code> is also NULL, an interactive level menu is shown.
<code>year</code>	Integer/Character vector or "latest". Specific year (e.g. 2021) or range.
<code>lang</code>	Character. "de" (default) for German column names, "en" for English.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to <code>get_inkar_data()</code> , such as <code>format</code> or <code>csv</code> .

Details

For a simpler English-first shortcut, see `inkar()`.

Value

A tibble containing the downloaded data, or NULL if selection was cancelled.

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {  
  df <- inkaR() # opens interactive menu  
}  
  
try(df <- inkaR("bip", level = "KRE", year = 2021))  
try(df <- inkaR("Bruttoinlandsprodukt", level = "KRE"))
```

inkar_shortcut	<i>Download INKAR Data (English Shortcut)</i>
----------------	---

Description

A convenience wrapper around `get_inkar_data()` with English output and `year = "latest"` as defaults. Equivalent to calling `get_inkar_data(variable, level, year = "latest", lang = "en")`.

Usage

```
inkar(variable, level = "KRE", year = "latest", lang = "en", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>variable</code>	Character. Indicator ID, short name, or partial name.
<code>level</code>	Character. Spatial level code (default "KRE").
<code>year</code>	Integer/Character vector or "latest" (default). Year(s) to download.
<code>lang</code>	Character. Output language (default "en").
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to <code>get_inkar_data()</code> .

Value

A tibble with English column names.

Examples

```
try(df <- inkar("011", level = "KRE"))
try(df <- inkar("011", level = "KRE", year = 2019:2021))
```

inkar_trends	<i>Plot Time Series Trends for INKAR Indicators</i>
--------------	---

Description

Creates a ggplot2 line chart showing how indicator values change over time for selected regions. Input must be a long-format data frame from `get_inkar_data()`.

Usage

```
inkar_trends(data, regions = NULL, title = NULL, mode = c("light", "dark"))
```

Arguments

data	A long-format data frame from <code>get_inkar_data()</code> .
regions	Optional character vector. Region names (partial match) to include. If NULL, all regions are plotted.
title	Optional character. Custom plot title. Defaults to indicator name.
mode	Character. "light" (default) or "dark" theme.

Value

A ggplot2 object.

Examples

```
df <- try(get_inkar_data("011", level = "KRE", lang = "en"))
if (is.data.frame(df)) {
  inkar_trends(df, regions = c("Berlin", "Hamburg", "München"))
}
```

plot_inkar

Plot INKAR Data on German Maps

Description

Automatically projects regional INKAR data onto administrative boundaries of Germany using the `geodata` and `sf` packages. Supports Bund (BND), Bundeslaender (BLD), Kreise (KRE), and Gemeinden (GEM) levels. Alternatively, a custom `sf` geometry can be provided.

Usage

```
plot_inkar(
  data,
  variable = NULL,
  year = NULL,
  mode = c("light", "dark"),
  highlight = NULL,
  breaks = c("equal", "quantile"),
  title = NULL,
  geom = NULL
)
```

Arguments

data	A data frame returned by <code>get_inkar_data()</code> .
variable	Character. For wide-format data with multiple indicators, specify which indicator column to plot.
year	Integer/Character. If the data contains multiple years, specify which year to plot. If NULL and multiple years exist, the most recent year is plotted.
mode	Character. "light" (default) or "dark" theme.
highlight	Character vector. Region names (partial match) to highlight; all other regions are shown at reduced opacity.
breaks	Character. Color scale break method: "equal" (default) or "quantile" for quantile-based color breaks.
title	Character. Custom plot title. Defaults to the indicator name.
geom	Optional <code>sf</code> object (spatial data frame) to use for plotting. If supplied, GADM geometries are not downloaded, and the data is merged directly with this object.

Value

A `ggplot2` object displaying the mapped data.

search_indicators

Search Indicators and Print Results

Description

Search for indicators by keyword. Prints a formatted table and invisibly returns the matches so you can copy the ID for use in `inkaR()`.

Usage

```
search_indicators(pattern, lang = c("de", "en"), theme = NULL)
```

Arguments

pattern	Text to search in names and descriptions.
lang	Language to search in ("de" or "en").
theme	Optional character. Filter to a specific theme/domain before searching. Use get_themes() to list available themes.

Value

A filtered tibble of indicators (invisibly).

select_indicator	<i>Interactively Select an Indicator</i>
------------------	--

Description

Opens a GUI selection list (e.g., in RStudio) to browse and pick an indicator. For code-based workflows, use `inkaR("name")` or `search_indicators()` instead.

Usage

```
select_indicator(pattern = NULL, lang = c("de", "en"))
```

Arguments

pattern	Optional character. Pre-filter the list by a keyword or regex. If NULL (default), the full indicator list is shown.
lang	Language for names: "de" (default) or "en".

Value

Character. The selected indicator ID, or NULL if cancelled.

select_level	<i>Interactively Select a Spatial Level</i>
--------------	---

Description

Provides an interactive console menu to choose an INKAR spatial level. If a variable ID is provided, it probes the live API to find which levels actually have data for that indicator.

Usage

```
select_level(variable = NULL)
```

Arguments

variable	Optional character. The indicator ID to probe available levels.
----------	---

Value

Character. The selected level ID, e.g., "KRE".

select_years	<i>Interactively Select Years</i>
--------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Probes the API for available years for a specific indicator and level, then allows the user to select one or more years.

Usage

```
select_years(variable, level)
```

Arguments

variable	Indicator ID.
level	Spatial level ID.

Value

Character vector of years.

theme_inkaR	<i>Premium ggplot2 theme for inkaR</i>
-------------	--

Description

Premium ggplot2 theme for inkaR

Usage

```
theme_inkaR(mode = c("light", "dark"), base_size = 11)
```

Arguments

mode	Character. "light" or "dark".
base_size	Numeric. Base font size.

update_indicators	<i>Refresh Local Indicators Metadata</i>
-------------------	--

Description

Checks the INKAR API for new indicators not present in the local indicators dataset. The check is informational only; reinstall the package to permanently add new indicators to local metadata.

Usage

```
update_indicators(lang = c("de", "en"))
```

Arguments

lang Character. Language for messages: "de" or "en".

Value

Invisibly returns the local indicators tibble.

view_indicators	<i>View Indicators in RStudio Viewer</i>
-----------------	--

Description

Opens the available indicators in the RStudio data viewer for easy filtering and searching.

Usage

```
view_indicators(lang = c("de", "en"), theme = NULL)
```

Arguments

lang Language code: "de" (German) or "en" (English).
theme Optional character. Filter to a specific theme/domain before opening the viewer. Use [get_themes\(\)](#) to list available themes.

Value

Invokes `View()` on the data frame.

Index

* datasets

- indicators, 8

- clear_inkar_cache, 4
- compare_district (compare_districts), 4
- compare_districts, 4
- compare_region (compare_regions), 5
- compare_regions, 5
- compare_regions(), 4

- get_geographies, 5
- get_geographies(), 2
- get_indicators, 6
- get_inkar_data, 6
- get_inkar_data(), 2, 4, 5, 9–11
- get_themes, 7
- get_themes(), 12, 15

- indicators, 8
- inkar, 9
- inkar (inkar_shortcut), 10
- inkar(), 9
- inkar-package, 2
- inkar_shortcut, 10
- inkar_trends, 10

- plot_inkar, 11

- search_indicators, 12
- search_indicators(), 2, 7
- select_indicator, 13
- select_level, 13
- select_years, 14

- theme_inkar, 14

- update_indicators, 15

- view_indicators, 15
- view_indicators(), 2, 7